Financial Statements of

TORONTO INTERNATIONAL FILM FESTIVAL, INC.

And Independent Auditors' Report thereon

Year ended December 31, 202/1







INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

To the Members of Toronto International Film Festival, Inc.

Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of Toronto International Film Festival, Inc., (the Entity), which comprise:

- the statement of financial position as at December 31, 2021
- the statement of operations and changes in fund balances for the year then ended
- · the statement of cash flows for the year then ended
- and notes to the financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies

(Hereinafter referred to as the "financial statements").

In our opinion, the accompanying financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the Entity as at December 31, 2021, and its results of operations and its cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with Canadian accounting standards for not-for-profit organizations.

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the "Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements" section of our auditors' report.

We are independent of the Entity in accordance with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements in Canada and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Responsibilities of Management and Those Charged with Governance for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with Canadian accounting standards for not-for-profit organizations, and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the Entity's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Entity or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Those charged with governance are responsible for overseeing the Entity's financial reporting process.

Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditors' report that includes our opinion.

Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards will always detect a material misstatement when it exists.

Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of the financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.

We also:

 Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.

- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design
 audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the
 purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Entity's internal
 control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Entity's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditors' report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditors' report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Entity to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.
- Communicate with those charged with governance regarding, amon'g other
 matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings,
 including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our
 audit.

Chartered Professional Accountants, Licensed Public Accountants

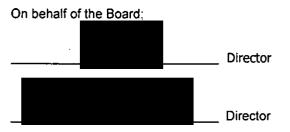
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Statement of Financial Position

December 31, 2021, with comparative information for 2020

	2021	2020
Assets		
Current assets:		
Cash	\$ 7,669,184	\$ 4,743,320
Accounts receivable, including government remittances of \$133,134		
(2020 - \$69,796) (note 6)	5,367,645	3,184,925
Inventory	105,175	121,598
Prepaid expenses	370,114	356,490
	13,512,118	8,406,333
Investments restricted for endowments (note 2(a))	2 194 198	1,932,219
Capital assets (note 3)	88,111,123	91,270,027
	\$ 103,817,439	\$ 101,608,579
Liabilities and Fund Balances	•	
Current liabilities: Accounts payable and accrued liabilities (note 5)	\$ 3,342,493	\$ 2,195,417
Deferred revenue	3,593,953	3,493,122
Current portion of long-term debt (note 4) \lor	1,799,725	1,713,253
Λ	8,736,171	7,401,792
Long-term debt (note 4)	21,464,056	21,949,119
Other long-term liabilities (note 5)	1,152,002	1,937,963
	31,352,229	31,288,874
Fund balances:		
Operating Fund	7,046,360	4,202,786
Building Fund	63,222,957	64,183,444
Endowment Fund	2,195,893	1,933,475
Commitments (note 9)	72,465,210	70,319,705
	\$ 103,817,439	\$ 101,608,579
	\$ 100,011,400	+ 101,000,010

See accompanying notes to financial statements.



Statement of Operations and Changes in Fund Balances

Year ended December 31, 2021, with comparative information for 2020

	Operating	Building	Endowment	2021	2020
	Fund	Fund	Fund	Total	Total
Earned revenue:					
Ticket sales	\$ 3,302,969	\$ -	\$	\$ 3,302,969	\$ 2,363,060
Rentals	312,998	_	_	312,998	399,123
Membership	474,071	_	_	474,071	1,056,115
Retail and concessions	140,982	_	_	140,982	242,900
Service fees and commissions	819,620	_	MA)	819,620	505,706
Investment (note 2(b))	347,624	102	345/266	692,992	348,182
	5,398,264	102	345,266	5,743,632	4,915,086
Contributed revenue:					
Sponsorships	8,075,578	_	_ ` _	8,075,578	6,675,250
oponsoranipa	0,073,370	_		0,070,070	0,070,200
Grants (note 6):			rl (/ /		
Federal	9,190,002	_`		9,190,002	7,039,739
Provincial	2,459,331	6	-	2,459,331	1,677,241
Municipal	1,199,235	// _//	_	1,199,235	1,214,235
Other	104,017	(Y	_	104,017	69,454
	12,952,585	// -	_	12,952,585	10,000,669
Philanthropic donations	2.838,885	// //600	440	2,839,925	4,670,197
T Matter opio dell'accord	23,867,048	// // 600	440	23,868,088	21,346,116
	29,265,312	702	345,706	29,611,720	26,261;202
Expenses:	A				
Operational	23,306,253	18		23,306,271	22,832,719
Amortization	747,800	2,527,782	_	3,275,582	4,033,263
Interest	57,219	827,143	_	884,362	920,739
interest	24,11/1,272	3,354,943	· <u> </u>	27,466,215	27,786,721
	()	. , ,			,, -
Excess (deficiency) of revenue					
over expenses	5 ,154,040	(3,354,241)	345,706	2,145,505	(1,525,519
Fund balances, beginning of year	,202,786	64,183,444	1,933,475	70,319,705	71,845,224
Interfered transfers (note 7)	42 210 456V	0 202 754	(03.000)		
Interfund transfers (note 7)	(2,310,466)	2,393,754	(83,288)	_	
Fund balances, end of year	3 7,046,360	\$ 63,222,957	\$ 2,195,893	\$ 72,465,210	\$ 70,319,705

See accompanying notes to financial statements.

Statement of Cash Flows

Year ended December 31, 2021, with comparative information for 2020

		2021	2020
Cash provided by (used in):			
Operations:			
Excess (deficiency) of revenue over expenses Charges to operations not affecting cash:	\$	2,145,505	\$ (1,525,519)
Amortization		//3 ,275,582	4,033,263
Amortization of deferred capital contributions	(1/2	// (178,305)	(178,305)
Amortization of deferred financing fees	n~ C	68,864	68,865
Post-employment expense (recovery)		. (216,639)	102,992
Change in unrealized gain on investments	\Im		
restricted for endowments	//	(192,333)	(3,383)
Interest accrued on long-term debt	>	245,797	272,526
Change in non-cash operating working capital		(1,323,031)	 (877,706)
(/)		3,825,440	1,892,733
Financing:			
Deferred capital contributions received		_	65,850
Proceeds on long-term debt		1,000,000	.
Principal repayments on long-term debt		(1,440,727)	(1,393,919)
Payment of interest accrued on long-term debt		(272,525)	(298,339)
		(713,252)	(1,626,408)
Investments:			
Additions to capital assets		(116,678)	(670,363)
Net change in investments restricted/for endowments		(69,646)	(37,722)
		(186,324)	(708,085)
Increase (decrease) in cash		2,925,864	· (441,760)
Cash, beginning of year		4,743,320	5,185,080
Cash, end of year	\$	7,669,184	\$ 4,743,320
\mathcal{G}			
Supplemental cash flow information:			
Interest paid on long-term debt	\$	808,438	\$ 831,794
		•	

See accompanying notes to financial statements.

Notes to Financial Statements

Year ended December 31, 2021

Toronto International Film Festival, Inc. (the "Organization") is incorporated without share capital under the laws of Ontario. Its principal activities, which operate under the trade name TIFF, include the Toronto International Film Festival, TIFF Bell Lightbox programming 365 days per year (Film Programmes, Exhibitions, Public Learning Programmes, Film Reference Library, etc.), TIFF Kids International Film Festival and Film Circuit (a national film exhibition programme).

The Organization is designated as a not-for-profit charitable organization by the Canada Revenue Agency and, accordingly, is exempt from income taxes.

1. Significant accounting policies:

The financial statements have been prepared by management in accordance with Canadian accounting standards for not-for-profit organizations in Part III of the Chartered Professional Accountants of Canada Handbook.

(a) Fund accounting:

The Organization follows the restricted fund method of accounting for contributions.

The Operating Fund accounts for the Organization's program delivery and administration activities.

The Building Fund reports assets, liabilities, revenue and expenses related to the Organization's building expansion campaign.

The Endowment Fund reports resources contributed for endowment.

(b) Translation of foreign currencies:

Monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies have been translated into Canadian dollars at exchange rates prevailing at the year-end date. Revenue and expenses have been translated using exchange rates prevailing on the transaction dates. Gains and losses arising from these translation policies are included in the statement of operations and changes in fund balances.

Notes to Financial Statements (continued)

Year ended December 31, 2021

1. Significant accounting policies (continued):

(c) Revenue recognition:

Ticket sales, rentals, service fees and commissions and sponsorships are recognized as revenue when the specific event occurs and the amount of revenue to be received can be reasonably estimated and collection is reasonably assured. Amounts received during the year for events to be held in the future are recorded as deferred revenue, to be recognized as revenue when the event takes place and the related benefits are delivered.

Membership revenue is recognized as revenue in the year to which the membership applies and the amount of revenue to be received can be reasonably estimated and collection is reasonably assured. Any memberships purchased in advance are recorded as deferred revenue until they become effective.

Retail and concessions revenue are recorded at the time of sale.

The Organization applies annually for government grants to assist in the funding of its program delivery. Grants are recognized as revenue in the year to which the grants apply. Amounts received in advance of the programs are recorded as deferred revenue and recognized in the year in which the related programs are executed.

Philanthropic donations are recognized as revenue of the appropriate fund when received or receivable if the amount to be received can be reasonably estimated and collection is reasonably assured.

Contributions restricted for the purchases of Operating Fund capital assets are deferred and amortized into revenue on a straight line basis, at a rate corresponding with the amortization rate for the related capital assets.

Investment income, which is recorded on the accrual basis, includes interest, dividends and the change in unrealized gain. Investment revenue earned on resources of the Endowment Fund is reported in the year earned within the Endowment Fund.

Other externally restricted contributions are recognized as revenue in the year in which the related expenses are incurred.

Notes to Financial Statements (continued)

Year ended December 31, 2021

1. Significant accounting policies (continued):

(d) Financial instruments:

Financial instruments are recorded at fair value on initial recognition. Equity instruments that are quoted in an active market are subsequently measured at fair value. All other financial instruments are subsequently measured at cost or amortized cost, unless management has elected to carry the instruments at fair value. The Organization has elected to carry non-equity securities at fair value.

Transaction costs incurred on the acquisition of financial instruments measured subsequently at fair value are expensed as incurred. All other financial instruments are adjusted by transaction costs incurred on acquisition and financing costs. These costs are amortized using the straight-line method.

Financial assets are assessed for impairment on an annual basis at the end of the fiscal year if there are indicators of impairment. If there is an indicator of impairment, the Organization determines if there is a significant adverse change in the expected amount or timing of future cash flows from the financial asset. If there is a significant adverse change in the expected cash flows, the carrying value of the financial asset is reduced to the highest of the present value of the expected cash flows, the amount that could be realized from selling the financial asset or the amount the Organization expects to realize by exercising its right to any collateral. If events and circumstances reverse in a future year, an impairment loss will be reversed to the extent of the improvement, not exceeding the initial carrying value.

(e) Inventory:

Inventory is recorded at the lower of cost and net realizable value.

(f) Capital assets:

Purchased capital assets are recorded at cost less accumulated amortization. Contributed capital assets are recorded at fair value at the date of contribution except the Organization maintains a library of donated films and film-related material recognized at a nominal value of \$1. Repairs and maintenance costs are charged to expense. Betterments which extend the estimated life of an asset are capitalized. Long-lived assets, including capital assets, are written down to fair value or replacement cost to reflect partial impairments when conditions indicate that the assets no longer contribute to an organization's ability to provide goods and services, or that the value of future economic benefits or service potential associated with the long lived assets are less than their net carrying amounts.

Notes to Financial Statements (continued)

Year ended December 31, 2021

1. Significant accounting policies (continued):

Capital assets are amortized on a straight-line basis over their estimated useful lives as follows:

	•	. 0	
Building			40 years
Information technology			5 years
Audiovisual equipment			.10 years
Furniture and equipment		20/	10 years
		_ 7	

(g) Gifts in kind:

The Organization receives contributions of goods and materials, as well as a significant amount of time from a substantial number of volunteers each year. The value of these contributions is not recognized or disclosed in these financial statements due to the difficulty of determining the fair value of the contributions.

(h) Use of estimates:

The preparation of financial statements requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenue and expenses during the year. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

Notes to Financial Statements (continued)

Year ended December 31, 2021

2. Investments:

- (a) Investments restricted for endowments comprise mutual fund units, invested primarily in Canadian and foreign equities, which are valued at \$2,188,586 (2020 \$1,926,607), and cash of \$5,612 (2020 \$5,612).
- (b) Investment revenue:

			//)/			
		2021	/(//		2020	
	Operating Fund	Building Fund	Endowment Fund	Operating Fund	Building Fund	Endowment Fund
Interest Dividends and realized	\$ 347,624	\$ 102	\$ -	\$ 306,860	\$ 217	\$ -
gains	_	-//	152,933	•	-	. 37,722
Change in unrealized gain on investments	-	E	192,333	-	-	3,383
	\$ 347,624	\$ 102	\$ 345,266	\$ 306,860	\$ 217	\$ 41,105

3. Capital assets:

	\wedge		2021	2020
	Cost	Accumulated amortization	Net book value	Net book value
Land Building Information technology Audiovisual equipment Furniture and equipment	\$ 13,200,000 100,638,074 6,968,291 10,770,901 6,146,057	\$	\$ 13,200,000 72,180,728 384,305 1,151,389 1,194,701	\$ 13,200,000 74,696,680 507,261 1,401,044 1,465,042
	\$ 137,723,323	\$ 49,612,200	\$ 88,111,123	\$ 91,270,027

The Organization currently maintains a library of donated films and film-related material recognized at a nominal value of \$1. The collection has been kept current and is added to regularly. Part of this collection is owned by the Province of Ontario. The rest of the collection, which consists of acquired special collections, is owned by the Organization. The collection is reviewed regularly, and the Organization will periodically deaccession damaged and superfluous items contained in the collection. There were no disposals or write downs during the year. The insured value of these collections is \$\$22,516,958 (2020 - \$22,494,078).

Notes to Financial Statements (continued)

Year ended December 31, 2021

4. Credit facilities:

The Organization has a \$5,000,000 demand operating line of credit with bearing interest at prime plus 1.30%, secured by a general security agreement covering all assets of the Organization. At December 31, 2021 and 2020, no amount was drawn against this line of credit.

	2021	2020
Term loan, original balance of \$18,857,151, repayable monthly at \$105,433 including interest at a fixed rate of 3.09%, maturing November 2039	\$17,390,441	\$18,106,234
Debentures, original balance of \$11,000,000, repayable \$960,518 principal plus interest annually on January 15 at a fixed rate of 3.58% per annum, maturing	C 055 022	0.500.500
January 2028 Term loan, , original balance of \$1,000,000, repayable \$9,259 principal plus interest monthly at a	5,855,633	6,580,566
fixed rate of 4%, maturing May 2031 (\)	1,000,000	-
Accrued interest \\	245,797	272,526
\bigvee	24,491,871	24,959,326
Less deferred financing fees net of accumulated		
amortization of \$149,207 (2020 - \$80,343)	1,228,090	1,296,954
	23,263,781	23,662,372
Less current portion, including accrued interest	1,799,725	1,713,253
A *	\$21,464,056	\$21,949,119
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	

The debentures and term loans are secured by a general security agreement covering all of the assets of the Organization.

Under the terms of the agreement, the Organization is required to comply with certain financial covenants. As at December 31, 2021, the Organization is in compliance with the financial covenants.

Notes to Financial Statements (continued)

Year ended December 31, 2021

4. Credit facilities:

The principal repayments on the amounts outstanding under the debentures and term loans are due as follows:

	(V)	
2022		\$ 1,553,928
2023		1,650,243
2024		1,701,950
2025		1,755,401
2026		1,810,655
Thereafter		15,773,897
		\$ 24,246,074

5. Other long-term liabilities:

Other long-term liabilities include the following:

- (a) The Organization has entered into post-employment agreements with certain former employees. At December 31, 2021, \$473,704 (2020 \$1,047,303) is owing as long-term liabilities. The current portion of \$356,960 (2020 \$356,960) is included in accounts payable and accrued liabilities.
- (b) The Organization has received restricted grants for the purchase of operating capital assets. The balance of unamortized deferred capital contributions as at December 31, 2021 is \$678,298 (2020 \$856,604). During the year, the Organization received nil (2020 \$65,850) and amortized \$178,305 (2020 \$178,305) as revenue in the statement of operations and changes in fund balances.

Notes to Financial Statements (continued)

Year ended December 31, 2021

6. Grants:

Grant contributions in the Operating Fund are as follows:

	G10	
	///// 2021	2020
<i>p</i>		-
Federal:		
Canada Emergency Wage Subsidy ("CEWS")	\$ 3,942,518	\$ 5,524,361
Canada Emergency Rent Subsidy ("CERS")	594,134	231,099
Tourism and Hospitality Recovery Program ("THRP")	1,207,221	_
Major Festivals and Events Support Initiative	2,163,686	_
	806,744	7.18,588
Department of Canadian Heritage	11,766	247,420
Canada Council	246,400	204,600
Federal Economic Development Agency for		
Southern Ontario	86,875	86,875
Library and Archives Canada	_	12,021
Service Canada		9,775
	87,875	5,000
Employment and Social Development Canada	42,783	
	9,190,002	7,039,739
Provincial:		
Ontario Media Development Corporation		
(operating as Ontario Creates)	1,243,000	1,295,000
Ontario Arts Council	531,770	282,241
Ministry of Heritage, Sport, Tourism and		202,211
Culture Industries	281,090	100,000
Ontario Cultural Attractions Fund	100,000	100,000
Ministry of Energy, Northern Development	100,000	
and Mines	303,471	_
and winds	2,459,331	1,677,241
A_{Λ}	2,400,001	1,077,241
Municipal:		
City of Toronto	1,199,235	1,214,235
City of Foronto	1, 199,233	1,214,255
Other:		
Government	47,767	68,754
Non-Government	56,250	•
Mon-Government		700
	104,017	69,454
	\$ 12,952,585	\$ 10,000,669

Included in accounts receivable is 1,207,221 of THRP (2020 - 1,061,603 of CEWS and CERS).

Notes to Financial Statements (continued)

Year ended December 31, 2021

7. Interfund transfer:

Effective December 31, 2021, the Board of Directors approved a transfer from the operating fund to the building fund to fund repayment of long-term debt.

8. Endowment Fund held by Ontario Arts Council Foundation

The market value of the funds held by the at the property of the Organization at December 31, 2021 is \$7,600,502 (2020 - \$6,804,385). No donations were transferred in the current year.

Interest earned in 2021 was \$331,335 (2020 - \$289,678) and is included in Operating Fund interest on the statement of operations and changes in fund balances. Special distribution in 2021 was nil (2020 - \$142,455) and is included in Operating Fund philanthropic donations on the statement of operations and changes in fund balances.

9. Commitments:

The Organization rents a portion of its premises under an operating lease and has leased equipment. Approximate future minimum payments under these leases are as follows:

2022 2023 2024 2025 2026	0	\$ 363,000 347,000 351,000 354,000 75,000
		\$ 1,490,000

10. Financial risk:

The Organization's activities expose it to a variety of financial risks: liquidity risk, credit risk, interest rate risk and market risk. The Organization's overall management program and business practices seek to minimize any potential adverse effect of those risks on the Organization's results of operations. Risk management is carried out by the senior management team under policies approved by the Board of Directors.

Notes to Financial Statements (continued)

Year ended December 31, 2021

10. Financial risk (continued):

(a) Liquidity risk:

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Organization will be unable to fulfill its obligations on a timely basis or at a reasonable cost. The Organization manage its liquidity risk by monitoring its operating requirements. The Organization prepares budget and cash forecasts to ensure it has sufficient funds to fulfill its obligations.

(b) Credit risk:

Credit risk refers to the risk that a counterparty may default on its contractual obligations resulting in a financial loss. The Organization deals with creditworthy counterparties to mitigate the risk of financial loss from defaults. The Organization monitors the credit risk of customers.

(c) Interest rate risk:

As the Organization's long-term debt is locked in fixed rates with lenders, it is not exposed to significant interest rate risk. \land

(d) Market risk:

The Organization's main source of revenue is derived from the Toronto International Film Festival and is affected by general economic trends. In March 2020, the COVID-19 outbreak was declared a pandemic by the World Health Organization. This has resulted in the Canadian and Provincial governments enacting emergency measures to combat the spread of the virus. COVID-19 had an impact on the Organization's operating results due to a decline in economic conditions and lockdown measures.

The impact of COVID-19 is expected to negatively impact operations for a duration that cannot be reasonably predicted. The overall operational and financial impact is highly dependent on the duration of COVID-19, including the potential occurrence of additional waves of the pandemic, and could be affected by other factors that are currently not known at this time.

There has been no change to the risk exposures from 2020.